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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/697,672	10/29/2003	Dan Li	INTEL/18112	8400
	7590 07/08/200 & Zimmerman, LLC	9	EXAMINER	
150 S. Wacker I Suite 2100			SHIH, HAOSHIAN	
Chicago, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2173	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/697,672	LI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	HAOSHIAN SHIH	2173	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a root od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. Seply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ TH Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matte	•	s is
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers	rawn from consideration. I/or election requirement.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the	ccepted or b) objected to line drawing(s) be held in abeyant ection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a limit	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application 	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-30 are pending in this application and have been examined in response

to application RCE filed on 04/28/2009.

2. The previously applied claim objection is hereby withdrawn in view of applicant's

amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to

comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter

which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to

one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed,

had possession of the claimed invention.

4. As to claim 1, the recited limitation: "encoding a first human-computer interaction

(HCI) signal with a first code to correspond to a first time;

encoding a second human-computer interaction (HCI) signal with a first code to

correspond to a second time;

transmitting...base component..."

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time in real time.

According to par. [0023] of the spec, the encoding of the signals are done at the stylus before transmission, however, the claim does not specify where the encoding is done. Further, if the method is done in lock steps, then the stylus or the base component must encode both the first and the second HCI signals before transmission. However, according to par. [0023], the signal encoding and transmission is done one signal at a

The Examiner is aware of the invention as disclosed in accordance with par. [0023], however, the language in par. [0023] is not clearly disclosed in the claim.

5. As to claims 2-30, are rejected similarly to claim 1 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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7. Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being unpatentable over Moyne et al. (Moyne, US 7,109,979 B2).

8. As to **INDEPENDENT** claim 1, Moyne discloses a method to provide a handheld pointer-based user interface comprising:

encoding a first human-computer interaction (HCI) signal with a first code to correspond to a first time (col.1, lines 65-col.2 lines 2; a base appliance receives the HCI signal from the stylus at point "A" and encodes the HCI signal with a positional information associated with point "A");

encoding a second human-computer interaction (HCI) signal with a first code to correspond to a second <u>time</u> (col.1, lines 65-col.2 lines 2; a base appliance receives the HCI signal from the stylus at point "B" and encodes the HCI signal with a positional information associated with point "B");

transmitting via a first communication link the first HCI signal and the second HCI signal from a wireless pointer component to <u>a</u> base <u>component</u> that <u>is</u> operatively coupled to a screen of a display (col.1, lines 30-37; col.1, lines 49-54; a "first signal transmitter" that transmits a first signal at point "A" and a second signal at point "B"), wherein the first code and the second code differ to indicate a difference between <u>the</u> first time <u>the</u> second time (col.2, lines 52-55; each signal is encoded with a positional data at a given time, wherein the positional data are different to indicate different locations of the stylus; for example, a user draws a straight line between point "A" and

point "B" starting from point "A", the time it takes for the stylus to reach from point "A" to point "B" is the time difference between point "A" and point "B");

generating position information of the wireless pointer component based on at least one of the first and second HCI signals (col.1, lines 45-47; "position signals"); and transmitting via a second communication link the position information from the base component to a processor configured to generate screen information on the screen of the display (col. 1 lines 34-37, lines 49-53; a detector assembly detects operation information from a stylus, the operation information is then received by a processing unit for displaying the operation information).

- 9. As to claim 2, Moyne discloses wherein the first time corresponds to a first position of the wireless point component, and wherein the second time corresponds to a second position of the wireless pointer component (col.1, lines 39-47; "ultrasound signal", col.2, lines 10-14, 'position signal receivers").
- 10. As to claim 3, Moyne discloses transmitting <u>a third HCI signal</u> associated with one of writing, drawing, selecting, <u>or</u> scrolling directly on the screen of the display with the wireless pointer component by a user (col.5, lines 29-50; col.6, lines 40-45).
- 11. As to claim 4, Moyne discloses wherein the screen of the display is associated with one of a desktop computer, a laptop computer, <u>or</u> a handheld computer (col.1, lines 49-54).

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12. As to claim 5, Moyne discloses transmitting the first HCI signal and the second HCI signal from the wireless pointer component to the base <u>component</u> (fig.6, "110", stylus sends positional signal, "118" base component process said positional signal) in response to one of pressing a tip of the wireless pointer component on the screen of the display, or pressing a button of the wireless pointer component (col.9, lines 63-65).

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- 13. As to claim 6, Moyne discloses transmitting the position information from the base <u>component</u> to the processor via one or more communication links operating in accordance with one of an 802.11-based communication protocol, a Bluetooth-based communication protocol, <u>or</u> an infrared-based communication protocol (col.13, lines 65-col.14 lines 2).
- 14. As to claim 7, Moyne discloses converting the position information from a first format to a second format based on configuration information associated with one of the base <u>component or</u> the screen of the display (col.13, lines 65- col.14, lines 2).
- 15. As to claim 8, Moyne discloses generating one or more coordinates of the wireless pointer component relative to the screen of the display based on the position information (col.3, lines 65- col.4 lines 3; calculation of the coordinates or position are standard steps in any pointing device).

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16. As to claim 9, Moyne discloses operatively coupling the one or more base components on <u>a side</u> of the display to receive the first HCI signal and the second HCI signal. (col.1, lines 60-65; the position signal receivers are configured to receive signals from multiple signal range; col.2, lines 21-23, attachment mechanism"; col.2, lines 30-33, "active display"; col.7, lines 38-40; the base device can be anywhere as long as the base component can receive HCI signals).

- 17. As to **INDEPENDENT** claim 10, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 1 above.
- 18. As to claim 11, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 2 above.
- 19. As to claim 12, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 3 above.
- 20. As to claim 13, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 4 above.
- 21. As to claim 14, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 5 above.
- 22. As to claim 15, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 7 above.
- 23. As to claim 16, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 8 above.
- 24. As to **INDEPENDENT** 17, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 1 above.
- 25. As to claim 18, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 2 above.

- 26. As to claim 19, Moyne discloses wherein the wireless pointer component comprises at least one of a stylus <u>or</u> an electronic pen (col.1, lines 30-31).
- 27. As to claim 20, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 8 above.
- 28. As to claim 21, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 4 above.
- 29. As to claim 22, Moyne discloses the display comprises at least one of a cathode ray tube (CRT) display, a liquid crystal display (LCD), a light-emitting diode (LED) display, and a plasma display (fig.2, "22"; col.1, lines 50-54; the use of common display types are well known in the art).
- 30. As to claim 23, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 6 above.
- 31. As to **INDEPENDENT** claim 24, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 1 above.
- 32. As to claim 25, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 3 above.
- 33. As to claim 26, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 19 above.
- 34. As to claim 27, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 8 above.

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35. As to claim 28, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 4 above.

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36. As to claim 29, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 22 above.

37. As to claim 30, see rationale addressed in the rejection of claim 6 above.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 04/28/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

38. Applicant argues that Moyne does not disclose HCI signals are encoded differently to indicate a difference between a first time and a second time.

In response to Applicant's argument, Moyne discloses that each signal is encoded with a positional data at a given time, wherein the positional data are different to indicate different locations of the stylus; for example, a user draws a straight line between point "A" and point "B" starting from point "A", the time it takes for the stylus to reach from point "A" to point "B" is the time difference between point "A" and point "B" (col.2, lines 52-55; col.5, lines 55-67).

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The Applicant may alleviate the current prior art rejection by clearly indicating the features disclosed in application spec. par. [0023].

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HAOSHIAN SHIH whose telephone number is (571)270-1257. The examiner can normally be reached on m-f 0730-1700.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kieu Vu can be reached on (571) 272-4057. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

HSS

/Kieu Vu/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2173